

Functional Analysis

Homework 8

due May 4, 2009

1. Let $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be open and $K: L^2(\Omega) \rightarrow L^2(\Omega)$ a Hilbert–Schmidt operator, i.e.

$$Kf(x) = \int_{\Omega} k(x, y) f(y) dy$$

with $k \in L^2(\Omega \times \Omega)$. Recall that

$$\|K\|_{\text{HS}}^2 = \sum_{j \in \mathbb{N}} \|Ke_j\|^2$$

for any orthonormal basis $\{e_j\}$ of $L^2(\Omega)$.

$A: L^2(\Omega) \rightarrow L^2(\Omega)$ is of *trace class*, if

$$\sum_{j \in \mathbb{N}} |\langle Ae_j, e_j \rangle| < \infty.$$

- (a) Show that the composition of two Hilbert–Schmidt operators is of trace class.
(b) Assume, in addition, that $k(x, y) = \overline{k(y, x)}$. Show that K is self-adjoint and its eigenvalues λ_j satisfy

$$\sum_{j \in \mathbb{N}} |\lambda_j|^2 < \infty.$$

2. Let

$$V^* \supset H^* \equiv H \supset V$$

be a Gelfand-triple of Hilbert spaces, with V dense in H and the injection $i: V \rightarrow H$ continuous. Let $a: V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a continuous, coercive bilinear form, define $A: V \rightarrow V^*$ by $\langle Au, v \rangle_{V^*, V} = a(u, v)$ for all $u, v \in V$, and set

$$\mathcal{D}(A) = \{u \in V: Au \in H\}.$$

- (a) Show that $A: \mathcal{D}(A) \rightarrow H$ is closed.
(b) Show that $\|Au\|_H$ defines a norm on $\mathcal{D}(A)$ which is equivalent to the graph norm

$$\left(\|Au\|_H^2 + \|u\|_H^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}.$$

(c) Show that $\mathcal{D}(A)$ is a Hilbert space with any of the norms from (ii) and that $A: \mathcal{D}(A) \rightarrow H$ is an isomorphism.

3. Recall that $L^2(\mathbb{T})$ can be endowed with the norm

$$\|u\|^2 = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} |u_k|^2,$$

where u_k are the Fourier coefficients of u , i.e.,

$$u(x) = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} u_k e^{ikx}.$$

Let

$$H^1(\mathbb{T}) = \{u \in L^2(\mathbb{T}) : u' \in L^2(\mathbb{T})\},$$

endowed with norm

$$\|u\|_1^2 = \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} (1 + k^2) |u_k|^2.$$

Show that the embedding $L^2 \supset H^1$ is compact.