Calculus and Elements of Linear Algebra I

Homework 8

Due on Moodle, Monday, November 9, 2020

1. Find

$$\int_0^1 \ln x \, \mathrm{d}x \, .$$

2. Show that

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^8}} \,\mathrm{d}x$$

is convergent.

Hint: There is no elementary way to evaluate this integral. However, to only *test* convergence, you can bound the integrand by a simpler function and use the following fact without proof: Let $f: [a, \infty) \to \mathbb{R}$ be a bounded and increasing function. Then $\lim_{x\to\infty} f(x)$ exists.

3. (a) Show that the volume enclosed when revolving the curve y = f(x), where $f: [a, b] \to [0, \infty)$ about the x-axis in three-dimensional x-y-z space is given by

$$V = \pi \int_a^b f^2(x) \,\mathrm{d}x \,.$$

- (b) Compute the volume of the solid obtained by revolving the graph of of $y = x^3$ on [0, 1] about the x-axis.
- 4. (a) Compute the volume of the infinite solid obtained by revolving the graph of $y = x^{-2/3}$ on $[1, \infty)$ about the x-axis and show that it is finite.
 - (b) Show that the cross-sectional area when cutting this solid in the x-y plane is infinite.
- 5. Hook's law states that the force exerted by an ideal spring when extended from its equilibrium position at x = 0 to length x is given by

$$F(x) = -k x \,,$$

where k is a positive constant characterizing the stiffness of the spring. Compute the work required to expand the spring from its equilibrium position to length ℓ .